

TRAINING:

MAPPING METHODOLOGY

For EUWES Partners

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Marta Ferdebar Kiara Groneweg





Agenda

- Introduction
- Aim of the Mapping
- Background information
- Mapping of Policies
- Stakeholder Mapping
- Target Group Mapping
- Q&A





Aim of the mapping

Mapping Policies

- Understand the status quo of each national energy sector
- Gathering data for Deliverable 1.2, find gender policies and gender aspects in energy policies -> D1.2 due end of October (if postponed)
- Gathering data for Deliverable 1.4, aim to compare the distinct national situations

Mapping Stakeholders

- Identify important actors that support EUWES goals
- Identify 4-8 people for indepth-interviews and meetings
- Generate information for Deliverable 1.3

Target Group Mapping

- Identify target groups for training
- Understand the needs of women as well as the barriers hindering them to enter the energy sector
- In comparison to the other both mappings not the highest priority





Background information

Mapping from a gender-just point of view

- Aim was to find an analytical standpoint, several indicators to agree on
- 3 focal aspects: Representation, Recognition, Redistribution
- Representation: Women's representation in the energy sector workforce is below 30% in all partner countries. One of EUWES main goals is to raise this percentage.
- Recognition: Transforming the energy sector, making women visible, e.g.through creating access to training and equal chances – women should have the same possibilities to join the energy sector than men have
- Redistribution: Having the same access to financial resources, reducing the Gender Pay Gap, Gender Care Gap, Gender Pension Gap in the energy sector



Criteria for selecting policies

- Time frame of 2005-2023
- Different types of policies
 - Gender Equality Policy Initiatives; check EIGE Gender Equality Index
 - Gender Mainstreaming
 - Gender Action Plans to international climate treaties or energy policies
 - Energy policies: identify the three main energy policies (most recent) and do a lexical search
- 1) Search for policies, 2) Create an overview with the policy template, 3) Prioritize around 10 policies/initiatives and analyse 5 of them in more detail



How to find data:

- Webpages of ministries, governmental institutions
- EIGE Gender statistics data base, UN Women Data Hub
 - Check on other data banks, e.g. on OECD, World Bank etc. for your country
 - Google Scholar and Academic Institutions data banks for publications on gender in the national energy sector



Relational content analysis

Why?

- This type of analysis just helps to structure the content of the distinct policies
- Provides a direction by asking questions:
 - How do national strategies promote gender equality?
 - Which measures ensure equal opportunities for women to participate in the energy sector, especially in leadership positions?
 - Do the strategies and measures go further, and address representation, rights and redistribution aspects aligned to gender?
 - Which sectors are pushing gender equality in the energy sector beyond the energy sector itself? Is there cross-sectoral strategy?
- Use Gender codes & indicators to cluster the relation between gender and energy

Set of gender codes & indicators:

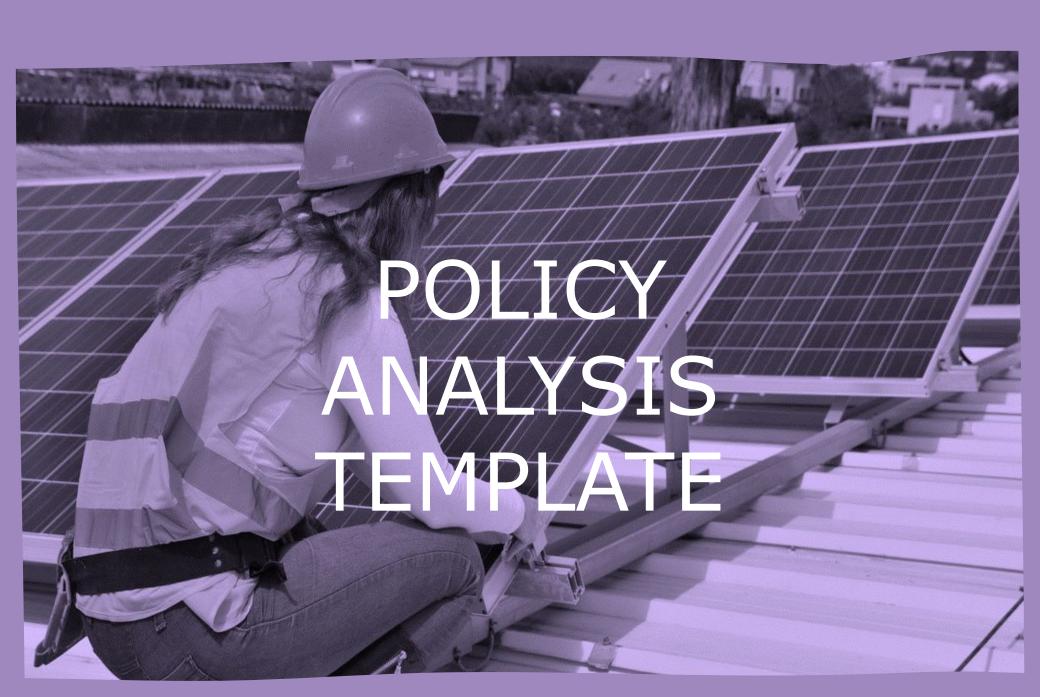
- Mentioning different gender identities (women, men, other genders), maybe even sexual orientation in gender and energy policies
- Mentioning of gender concepts in energy policies; political representation and economic representation
- · (Material) resource distribution in favour of women or other groups in marginalised situations



SHORT TASK: BRAINSTORMING

- Think of governmental actors/ministries/municipalities etc., whose webpage you can visit to check for gender data.
 Which other (national) databank could be helpful?

- 7 Min





no

Challenges

- Time pressure
- Finding no data on gender in each country
- Each partner has their own way of interpreting data —>
 basis to compare the data
- Not much information found about the gender-energy-nexus in some partner countries
- Stay motivated.





Structure of D1.2 Report of Mapping Policies (idea)

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Short wrap-up of methodology for policy mapping (copy-paste)
- 3. General overview of gender legislation in specific country
- 4. Overview: gender policies
- 5. Overview: energy policies
- 6. Presenting results of in-depth analysis (e.g. clustered according to codes)
 - A. Mentioning of gender aspects in (energy) policies
 - B. Political representation of women
 - C. Economic representation of women wage, measures against gender paygap
 - D. Gender-budgeting measures/material resource distribution
- 7. Discussion of results
- 8. Conclusion



Stakeholder Mapping

- Stakeholders in the EUWES project are individuals and organisations with a vested interest and concern about gender and energy
- Conducting stakeholder analysis will help identify behaviour, intentions, and interrelations of stakeholders regarding the EUWES project with an aim to evaluate and ascertain their influence on decision-making and implementation
- Stakeholder mapping is a technique which uses visual tools to categorise various stakeholders by depicting stakeholder groups, the interests they represent and the power and influence they hold
- Stakeholder identification will be carried out through the use of the stakeholder grid (Excel Spreadsheets) which will give an overview of the overarching procedure as well as for each Level 1-4



Overarching Procedure

Four Levels of Mapping

- Level 1 Mapping of stakeholder groups, making a list of contact details
- Level 2 Identify values, experience, relevance and power of stakeholders with the help of a power-interest matrix
- Level 3 Prioritizing contacts and reaching out to the most important stakeholders (at least 2 to 3 per group)
- Level 4 Identifying entry points for policy recommendations and formulating specific recommendations for the different stakeholder groups



Level 1 - Stakeholder Overview

Four Stakeholder Groups

- Political decision-makers and policymakers National and regional politicians, government agencies, municipalities
- Private energy sector Energy technology companies, Energy utilities, SMEs
- Civil society NGOs, CSOs, trade unions, energy communities and cooperatives, citizen energy movement
- Academia and education Universities, research institutions, professors, PhD students



Level 2 - Power-Interest Matrix

- Field of interest and expertise
- Motivation for supporting EUWES goals
- Power position, visibility, network, influence
- Gender expertise former projects
- Rating on a scale of High, Medium and Low
- Cluster stakeholders into one of four groups high power high interest (HH), high power low interest (HL), low power high interest (LH), low power low interest (LL)



Level 3 - Stakeholder Engagement

IDENTIFY 1 to 2 STAKEHOLDERS PER STAKEHOLDER GROUP TO ENGAGE WITH!

- Direct contact by unstructured or semi-structured interviews Overview of contacted stakeholders (eg. name, stakeholder group)
- Goals Qualitative, quantitative, emotional, actions (eg. reaching out to 10 stakeholders, finding stakeholders for long-term collaboration)
- Touchpoints, media and measures Means of contacting the stakeholder and conducting interviews, formal or informal meeting style
- Evaluation and reporting Gathering of neccessary information, difficulties contacting the stakeholders, usage of the template for minutes



Level 4 - Advocacy and Policy

- Advocacy campaigns and policy recommendations stakeholder mapping and engagement will give insight into gender gaps and barriers in the energy sector which shall then be addressed by policy recommendations
- Stakeholders Decide on different key messages for each stakeholder, identify stakeholders for long-term collaboration, choose who to contact again
- Policies Identify stakeholders relevant for the policymaking process, decide which policies need to be elaborate further
- Touchpoints, media and measures Concrete campaigns and measures will be developed under Working package 4



Semi-Structured Interviews

- The format has a conversational tone and encourages a two-way communication by allowing the interviewee to ask questions
- The interviewer asks questions within a preditermined thematic framework but the questions are not set in a particular order
- By tailoring questions to each interviewee, the interviewer facilitates a more fluid conversation
- The interviewer asks open-ended questions and asks follow-up questions to draw out more specific information, since by allowing flexibility, the interviewee can elaborate, clarify and rephrase their answers
- The interviews will allow for gaining more information about the current gender situation in each national energy sector and the current barriers for women and entry points to transform the sector to a more gender-just one



Template for Minutes

Virtual and In-person Meetings

- Overview Name, organisation, stakeholder group, contact details
- Key messages One or more messages tailored for specific stakeholders
- Communication materials In-person, phone call, video call, flyers, publications
- Conclusion Agreement reached and follow-up
- Evaluation Awareness and information creation about gender and the energy sector

TARGET GROUP MAPPING: BRAINSTORMING

- Was your organization providing trainings?
 Have you already identified target groups for these trainings? Do they fit to the topic of EUWES trainings?
- Which contact lists from which projects can you reuse?



- 7-10 Min



Target Group Mapping

Objective

- Identifying underrepresented women, especially young women, to carve out their gender-specific challenges, address their needs, and find opportunities to strengthen their capacities, build their careers and promote leadership opportunities.
- Deliverable(s): Training sets; target group mapping must not be documented in one of the next deliverables, but it helps to create training material
- EU female politicians,
- national female politicians,
- women in municipalities/local governments,
- female managers and employees in energy companies,
- women in research and education organisations,
- female students in STEM,
- Project partners,
- Male co-workers, colleagues, etc.





Target Group Mapping

Process

- User's personas
- A Presumption
- B Guiding questions/ Needs assessment
- C Data bank/contact lists
- D Compare data, check with contact lists and needs assessment responses define specific target groups and tailored material set
- E Validate and refine









Partners:











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